There are three different species of reedbuck and these together with five species of waterbuck, constitute a subfamily of the antelopes, the REDUNCINAE. There is but a single species of rhebuck, the Grey Rhebuck, and this constitutes another subfamily, the PELEINAE.

The Mountain Reebuck ("Rooiribbok", *Redunca fulvorufula*) is a solitary animal, but can occasionally be found in pairs or small herds. It inhabits rocky hills or broken country where there are some scattered bushes or trees and grass. The male has curved horns and in both sexes the belly is white and sharply demarcated from the rest of the body. It is worthwhile remembering that the ear tips are rounded in this species.

The Grey Rhebuck ("Vaalribbok", *Pelea capreolus*) prefers open grassland on the plateaux and pediments of mountains. The male has vertical, parallel horns and in both sexes the belly is hardly paler than the rest of the body and there is no sharp line of demarcation. The ear tips are pointed. The Grey Rhebuck is indigenous to South Africa.

No person, not even the landowner, may hunt grey rhebuck during the period 1 January 1978 to 31 December 1978 inclusive.

C.D. Lynch (Museum Mammalogist)