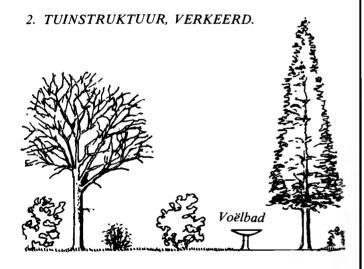
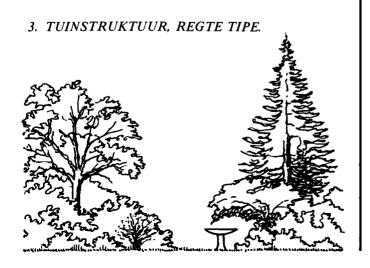
## T. Farkas

voortgaan, verander hul tuine in voëlgrafte. Gebruik liewer die minder skadelike pyrethrumprodukte wat 'n kontakgif is en dikwels herhaal moet word, asook seepwater vir byvoorbeeld plantluise. Dit verg heelwat meer werk maar u arbeid en bedagsaamheid sal beloon word deur die voëls wat na u tuin sal kom. Moet ook nie probeer om die insekgetalle op zero te hou nie, maar slegs om bevolkingsontploffing te beheer - die voëls sal die res vir u doen! Probeer om u bure ook na u sienswyse omtrent insekdoders oor te haal.

Dit moet ten slotte in gedagte gehou word dat die beste oplossing vir probleme altyd die mees natuurlike een is, en deur hierdie maatstaf toe te pas, sal daar lewe en daarmee veel plesier in u tuin wees.





## THE NEW PALAEONTOLOGY GALLERY



Similar to the development of life on Earth which it portrays, the new palaeontology gallery has had a long and slow beginning but as time passed, the development has been rapid and we are now seeing the displays taking on their final shape as we approach the opening date later this year. This then is the theme of the exhibition — the slow beginnings of life on Earth, the hundreds of millions of year's development of invertebrates, fish, amphibians and reptiles, and finally the rapid evolution of mammalian life culminating in the emergence of man and his culture. This latter display will highlight the exhibit and include numerous casts of important types of fossil man, including the latest discoveries from East Africa, which will be uniquely displayed.

Another large display will present skulls and skeletons of the mammal-like reptiles that inhabited the Karoo 200 million years ago. Dioramas will depict the scenery as it was then with models showing how the animals supposedly appeared in real life.

One case will give information on dinosaurs. Although remains of these creatures are fragmentary in South Africa, a partial skeleton will be on view.

Fossil horses, elephants and a strange extinct giraffe, crocodile, pig and buffalo will all be represented. A complete fossilised skeleton of an icthyosaur (a large extinct marine reptile) from Germany will also be exhibited.

Much effort has been made in obtaining the best possible material from South African and overseas institutions, as well as bringing casts of extinct creatures from Kenya.

Bruce Rubidge, Karoo palaeontologist, and Dr Ron Clarke, who is a well known authority on fossil man, and has worked on these fossils in both East and South Africa, are in charge of the displays.